

DIG SANITARY NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

VOL. IV. NO. 21.

LOUISA, LA WRENCE CO., KY., JANUARY 24, 1889.

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CURRENT TOPICS.

Smoo Fly is a Kansas post-office.
The New York Supreme Court has decided that trusts are illegal.
The wheat area this year in Kansas is twice what it was last year.
The winter in France thus far has been the severest for fifteen years.
A Wisconsin packer has been asked to resign because he preaches too long.
The Car of Russia wears a ring in which is embedded a piece of the true cross.
A correspondent says that only the American girls surpass the Irish ladies in beauty.

Crowns are causing much annoyance to the farmers of Douglas County, Illinois, this winter.

A goose with her wings tied was sent over Niagara Falls the other day and floated away alive.

It is said the Vesuvius beats the world—twenty-five miles an hour, and not straining itself, either.

During the past year 32,937 Russian immigrants, most of them Jews, have come to the United States.

The only daughter of the late J. Penrose Cooper lives at the old home at Cooperstown, on Lake Osego.

Massachusetts spent \$7,000,000 last year for the education of 360,000 persons, at the rate of \$20 per head.

Twenty-five Legislatures are at work this month, and on the 29th the Alabama Legislature will be at it again.

A Washington paper says that not a dollar of conscience money has been received at the Treasury for two years.

Discontent is in the air to construct General Harrison's cabinet, the correspondents are now writing his inaugural.

It is the Boston Transcript which remarks that "Sullivan, had to make a match with Kilrain, in order to get to Canada to die."

Pennsylvania has 847,000 people and 178,000 houses, while New York, with 1,500,000 inhabitants, is said to have but 92,000 houses.

Leander Burnett, a full-blooded Indian, is teaching a public school in Read-mond, Emmet County, Mich., and is doing excellent work.

Brooklyn, Mass., last year turned out on an average about forty-five pairs of shoes per minute for three hundred days of ten hours each.

Governor Swinford, of Alaska, predicts that the mammoth, alive and well, will yet be found in the interior of his remarkable Territory.

There are two Episcopal ministers, missionaries, on the Yukon river, Alaska. They are 3,000 miles from the southeastern line of the Territory.

An omnibus run by electricity, the only one in the world, has made successful trips in London. It runs on any kind of a street without the use of rails.

"Chin Man," the Chinese dwarf, the smallest hillipon on earth, aged fifty years, is so small that you can cover him with an ordinary plug hat.

A curious sight near Elly, Ga., is the grave of a mountaineer's wife which is protected from the fury of the elements by a number of lightning rods.

In several Eastern cities the churches now have the contribution boxes passed by handsome young ladies. The plan is said to be highly successful.

It is said that the total consumption of spirits in Ireland last year was 4,954,422 gallons, or over a gallon per head for every man, woman and child.

SARA BERNHARDT, astonishing the Egyptians by her extravagances. Her bill at the custom house for articles purchased already amounts to over \$15,000.

Governor Ames of Massachusetts calls in his message for a good transit school in every county, and the enactment of a law securing municipal suffrage for women.

The distress in Italy, chiefly in Eastern cities is the failure of cutaway coats, with rolling silk collars, to cut old-fashioned full-dress coats known as swallow-tails.

LEGALLY, there is no such city as Memphis. Some years ago the State Legislature took away its charter and named it "The Taking District of Shelby County."

The Yngones, a German religious denomination, have decreed that no person can now belong to that church if he has a life-insurance policy hanging over his head.

A PERKINS is not a man in Korea until he has a wife. Boys and bachelors part their hair in the middle, and it is braided in a strand which hangs down the back. When a boy is married he has the right to cut off his hair.

The largest of our warships at present has a displacement of only 1,500 tons, whereas the French navy has seven vessels whose displacement ranges from 10,000 to 7,000 tons.

CONNECTICUT stands at the head of the list of States in respect of richness in personal property, and so effectually is this wealth hidden that only one hundredth part of it is taxed.

C. E. WEAVER, of Sonery Hill, Washington County, Pa., is the owner of the pistol with which Colonel Johnson shot Tecumseh, October 5, 1811. He also has a pipe smoked by Daniel Boone in 1776.

Mrs. BARRETT, widow of the dead President of Guatemala; Mrs. Hicks-Lord, Mrs. Marshall Roberts and Mrs. Post are four of the wealthiest of the New York widows who are supposed to have marital intentions.

Mrs. PATTY sang to people at the Albert Hall, London, the other evening for \$3,000, and is engaged for a series of concerts at the same place. This is the largest sum ever paid to any singer in England for one evening's work.

The Hebrews of New York do not agree with Baron Hirsch, the Palestinian banker and philanthropist, in the opinion that the salvation of their race depends upon their amalgamation with the Christian races.

There are some American citizens in Alaska who haven't heard who was elected. This is very unfortunate, but they can comfort themselves with the reflection that they don't have to read any thing about the Cabinet.

BARON HIRSCH, who recently gave 100,000 francs for educational purposes in Russia and Austria, she said, but is not intended for Jewish children alone, but for children of all religions.

A PENNSYLVANIA mother has found out a way to take care of children just beginning to walk. She removes the upper drawers of a bureau and seating the child in the lower drawer turns the key.

The Missouri Legislature is called upon to pass a law prohibiting pool rooms, and St. Louis and Kansas City sports are dropping into the lobby pool quite liberally to prevent the proposed legislation.

STANLEY'S MOVEMENTS.

As He Relates Them to the Arab, Tippoo Tib.

The Explorer All Right Up to the Middle of August, And Meandering About Somewhere in the Wilds of Africa, and in Good Health.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 16.—The following letter, written by Henry M. Stanley, has been received in this city:

ROMA OF BONALTA, MORELIA, AUG. 17.

SIR: I have been thinking of you very much lately, and I hope that you are in good health as I am, and that you have remained in good health since I left the Congo. I have much to say to you, but I hope I shall see you face to face before many days.

I reached here this morning with one hundred and thirty Wanga, three soldiers, and a party of natives belonging to Emin Pasha. I am now eighty-two days since I left Emin Pasha on the Nyanza. I only lost three men all the way. Two were drowned and the other decamped. I found the white man who was looking for Emin Pasha quite well. The other white man, Cassel, is also well. Emin Pasha has ivory in abundance, thousands of cattle and sheep, goats and fowls and food of all kinds. I found him a very good and kind man. He gave all our white and black men numbers of things. His liberality could not be exceeded. His soldiers blessed our black men for their bluntness in coming so far to show them the way. Many of them were ready to follow me out of the country, but I asked them to stay quiet a few months that I might return and fetch the other men and goods left at Yambunga. They prayed to God that He would give me strength to finish my work. May their prayer be heard. And now, my friend, what are you going to do? We have gone the round twice over. We know where it is bad and where it is good, where there is plenty of food and where there is none, where all the camps are and where we shall sleep and rest. I am waiting to go to the north. If you go with me, it will be a great help. I will stay here ten days and will then proceed slowly. I will move home to Big Island, two hours' march from here about this place. There are plenty of houses there, and plenty of food for the men. Whatever you have to say to me, my ears will be open, with a good heart, and I will listen to you. Therefore, if you come, come quickly, for on the 15th morning from this I shall move on. All my white men are well, but I left them all behind except my servant William, who is with me.

HENRY M. STANLEY.

Sheik Hamud-Ben-Mahomed, who was the above letter is addressed, is the Arab Tippoo Tib. The letter, which was taken to Stanley Falls by a messenger, and which reached Brussels by post last night, is the only one from Stanley that has reached the coast of Africa. A number of other letters which the messenger carried to Stanley Falls still remain there, but it is expected that they will arrive in Europe in two or three months.

THE EARTHQUAKE'S POWER.

Costa Rica Gets Another Taste of It a Cost of Millions.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Late advice from Costa Rica regarding the earthquake of December 30 last, mentioned in the cable dispatches a short time ago, says the shock was the most severe experienced since 1852. In San Jose both the national capitol and the magnificent cathedral fronting the public square, which required ten years of labor to erect, at an expenditure of \$1,000,000, are in ruins. The Presidential palace, other public buildings, post-office and a dozen other edifices were almost wrecked. Advice from surrounding cities report the shock even more severe, and being accounts of loss of both life and property. The latest estimate of the damage throughout the country exceeds \$8,000,000. The Poas volcano has suddenly become active. It is located twenty-eight miles north of this place, at an altitude of 8,800 feet above the sea. It had been sleeping for years, and only a couple of weeks before the earthquake a party of explorers, after a visit there, reported the crater entirely filled up. Now it has broken out with all the fury, every day throwing a mile distant from the original mouth. An average of three slight shocks was felt daily for several days after the first. Business during that time was almost entirely suspended, and the majority of the people in San Jose camped in the public squares, fearing their houses would fall.

John L. on a Slip-Roller.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—Sullivan was drunk yesterday, and there's no denying it, although denials will undoubtedly be made. It was only a day or two ago that John told how well he was and what he proposed to do to bring himself into condition to fight Kilrain. The use of intoxicants was not mentioned by him as a part of his training, but, on the contrary, he has declared that he had forewarned drinking and was going to make a man of himself.

Strangest Fatal Fire.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 16.—A very mysterious fire occurred on the South Side early this morning, and a woman and a child were badly burned. About 1:30 a. m. a policeman noticed a slight blaze in the second story of a house occupied by Arthur Roddey, at No. 114. The fire was extinguished, but the fire was extinguished with but little damage. When the firemen entered the room they found Mrs. Roddey and her child lying on a couch, which was in flames. The woman's body was burned to a crisp, and the child was painfully but not seriously injured. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Crushed to Death in a Mine.

NEWARK, O., Jan. 16.—Mr. Kreeger, one of the proprietors of the Canal Coal Mine, in Hopewell Township, this county, while at work in the mine, yesterday, was crushed by a falling rock, and died shortly after being rescued.

Funds for Missions.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 18.—At the twenty-first annual meeting of the Worcester Board of Missions here to-day, the treasurer's report stated receipts in legacies and donations during the year of \$30,841.21.

IT RESTS WITH CONGRESS.

What Hayard Has to Say About a War With Germany.

New York, Jan. 17.—The Herald's Washington special, Secretary Bayard, speaking with freedom a few days ago regarding the attacks made upon him for permitting the Germans to occupy Samoa, said: "The State Department has done all that it can do in regard to Samoa. All the correspondence with Germany in relation to that situation, including the alleged abuse of the American residents in the island, is now in possession of Congress. Some of it was sent there more than a year ago. Any further action must necessarily come from Congress. The American consul several months ago made a request for a man-of-war, and Secretary Whitney kept one there permanently, as he had done at Honolulu upon a similar request. I understand that the Trenton, now at Panama, has been ordered to Samoa to reinforce the Niagara, but neither ship would dare take any overt action, no matter what the Germans may do to the islanders. Under Section 12, Article I, of the Constitution, the right to declare war is vested entirely in Congress. They are as fully cognizant of the situation as the State Department, and Senator Frye knew a year ago just as much as he does now. If war with Germany is desired it must be so declared by Congress. We have done it in the matter that is the subject of the Constitution. America's residents there will be simply protected, but when it comes to a contact with the forces of a friendly nation the matter assumes a different aspect. What the Germans will do with the natives of Samoa, and our relations to Germany in the same matter, is a matter that is not negotiable by diplomatic delicacy, and can only be settled through diplomatic channels; unless, as I have said, Congress decides to interfere to the extent of declaring war."

Wind Lifts a Car.

RACINE, Wis., Jan. 17.—Last evening the wind blew a freight car from a side track to the main track of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, at Sylva, near West Union Junction. A freight train ran into it, wrecking the engine and seven cars. Harvey Brubaker, a brakeman of Freeport, Ill., twenty-six years old, was crushed to a jelly. Engineer A. J. March was fatally injured by falling scalding steam. Head-brakeman George Otto was badly scalded and burned. Twenty or thirty hogs were killed and several head of cattle. The damage amounts to \$40,000.

Boycotted by a Trust.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Dealers in wood-paneled houses formed a trust, and in connection with the Manufacturers' "association" are seeking to crush out a firm which refuses to enter the combination. The trust affects clotheings, washboards and all similar articles of domestic use. John Parley & Co., the boycotted firm, will invoke the grand jury.

Republican Soldier League.

BROOKLYN, L. I., Jan. 17.—The first local society of the Republican Soldiers' League has been organized here. It is intended to organize local Posts or Assemblies of the order throughout the State, and to organize departments in every State and Territory. The organization is avowedly political, its expressed object being to further, politically, the interests of Republican soldiers.

Conspiracy to Defraud.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 17.—August Weaver and Catharine Miller, of this city, were arrested to-day on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the Government. A pension had been granted some time ago to Laura Weaver and a check for \$1,700 was sent to her in Baltimore, when it was learned that Mrs. Weaver had been dead for over a year, and that Catharine Miller was personating the deceased.

Educational Enthusiasm.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 17.—A factional fight is in progress in this county over the location of a school-house. A building erected at Manchester was burned down by those favoring a county site. An election was then ordered, and during its progress a general fight with knives and revolvers occurred, in which several men were seriously injured, among them one of the school directors.

Noted Singer Dead.

MUNICH, Jan. 17.—Mad. Ilma Di Murska, the singer, died here to-day in extreme poverty. Her daughter who was heart-broken at the loss of her mother, committed suicide by taking poison. Ilma Di Murska was one of the best-known singers in the world.

To Prevent Monopolies.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 17.—A bill entitled "An Act to Prevent Monopolies" was introduced in the State Senate to-day. It is aimed at Trusts, and embodies the principles laid down in Judge Barrett's recent decision against the Sugar Trust.

Goes to Chili.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—C. L. Gould, chief engineer on the Cleveland and Marietta railroad, has been engaged by a Chicago firm to go to Chili, South America, to do the engineering of a six-million-dollar railroad contract.

New York Chapel at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Jan. 17.—The site for the New York State Chapel, to be erected on this battle-field, was fixed to-day. It is in the Southern portion of the Soldiers' National Cemetery, on the hill where the summer-house now stands. The proposed building is to cost \$100,000, \$50,000 of which has been subscribed.

Pirates Routed.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 17.—Another fight between a police steamer and a pirate schooner occurred at the mouth of Chester river, Maryland. After fighting two hours the pirates were routed.

Died of Hydrophobia.

MONTICELLO, Ill., Jan. 17.—Harrison Dawley was terribly lacerated by a dog at his home in Rochester, and died to-day of a fully developed case of hydrophobia in great agony in spite of the best medical skill that attended him.

An Old Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The President has been petitioned to retire the postmaster at Shrub Oak, N. Y., from active service, on the ground that he is over seventy years of age. He was appointed in 1841.

ESCAPE CUT OFF.

Thrilling Scenes About a Blazing St Paul Building.

Many Employees Injured by Jumping—Narrow Escapes From Death.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Jan. 18.—At a quarter past three o'clock this afternoon fire was discovered in the basement of the four-story general office building of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad, on the corner of Fourth and Wakarusa streets. Before warning could be given, even to those on the first floor, the flames had reached the stairway in the central part of the building, and the halls were filled with smoke, so that the only avenue of escape was through the windows. The one hundred or more employees on the second, third and fourth floors were also cut off from escape by the stairway, and as there were no fire escapes attached to the building, they were compelled to await the arrival of ropes and ladders. Two or three engines were on the scene a few minutes after the alarm was turned in, but it was twenty-five minutes before ladders-trucks arrived and rescued the inmates of the upper stories, who were driven out on balconies and window-sills by the flames and smoke. All of the occupants of the upper stories escaped by means of ropes and ladders except two or three who, in their fear and anxiety for safety, jumped to the ground before the ladders arrived. Fred, Peterson, a telegraph operator, jumped and would have been killed had he not alighted on the shoulders of another man. As it was his skull was fractured, and he was taken home insensible. Hadly Jones, a clerk, was killed by jumping from the second story. A. C. Race, of the engineer's office, had a leg broken. C. W. Johnson, chief engineer, attempted to slide down a water-pipe, which gave way, and he fell, receiving some severe bruises. J. H. Beck, a telegraph operator, and Fred St. Paul, a clerk, were more or less burned by the flames while endeavoring to get out some of the records. The fire originated in the paper room, located in the basement. The damage will reach about \$50,000. The insurance is covered by a general policy in the Home Insurance Company of New York. \$50,000 in London on the property of the entire road.

TURNED TO STONE.

Strange Effect of Alkali Water on a Buried Corpse.

WINNIPEG, MAN., Jan. 18.—A remarkable case of what is alleged to be petrification has just come to light. Sixteen years ago a half-breed named Holde buried his wife about twenty miles from this city. A few days ago he, with some friends, exhumed the remains, intending to carry them to another burying place. Upon opening the coffin the body was found perfectly preserved, the eyes and mouth being partly open and the hair quite black and natural. When an attempt was made to lift the remains it was found quite impossible, as they were completely petrified. Examination showed that a small spring of alkali water had been running through the coffin and the action of the water on the remains had caused petrification. Assistance was procured and the remains raised to the surface and transferred to a dry place, where they were weighed. The weight was found to be 700 pounds.

Missionaries Massacred.

ZANZIBAR, Jan. 18.—During the attack on the German missionary station at Tugu the insurgents massacred four German missionaries, one of whom was a woman. Three missionaries fell into the hands of the Arabs and are held for ransom. One of the prisoners is a woman. The Admiral commanding the German squadron has landed a force at Dar-es-Salaam for the purpose of garrisoning the place.

Charged with Wrecking a Train.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 18.—A man named Frank Dickson, a former resident of Wayne County, was arrested at Roanoke, Va., Thursday, on a charge of having wrecked a passenger train opposite this city some months ago, at which time the conductor and fireman and train were burned up. Dickson will be brought to this city soon. He claims that he can prove an alibi.

Acquitted After Being Sentenced Twice.

WINCHESTER, Va., Jan. 18.—The jury in the Ridenour murder case were out one hour and brought in a verdict of not guilty. Immediately loud cheers arose from the great crowd, and the prisoner was twice convicted and sentenced to be hanged. Upon the judge discharging the prisoner, crowds pressed around him to congratulate him.

Sleeps With His Eyes Open.

COVINGTON, O., Jan. 18.—Albert Sears, eight years old, and a son of Thomas Sears, has eyes of a most peculiar kind. When sleeping he can close his eyes for only a brief period, no longer than any one does in winking involuntarily. This, however, does not interfere with his sight or work, and he attends school regularly and is a good scholar.

The Pope and American Catholics.

ROME, Jan. 18.—The Monitor denies that the Pope has admonished the American bishops on account of the progress of Socialism among American Catholics. On the contrary, the paper says, His Holiness has enlisted the religious zeal and activity displayed by Catholics in America.

Band of Juvenile Burglars.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 18.—Last night five small boys, in knee pants, the oldest not yet fifteen years old, and the youngest barely ten, were caught in an attempt to burglarize a confectioner's store in this city. They will probably be sent to the reform school.

An American Pope.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The Sun has a long letter from Rome, in which the writer considers the possibility that the successor of Leo XIII. may not be an Italian, but a man of some other nationality—even an American. If the next Pope is taken from America, Cardinal Gibbons would undoubtedly be chosen.

A Hundred Entombed.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—An explosion of fire-damp occurred to-day in the Hyde colliery, near Manchester. Seven bodies have been taken from the mine. One hundred persons are still entombed.

APPALLING ACCIDENT.

More Than Twenty Men Hurled to a Horrible Death by the Breaking of a Draw Bridge Near Spottsville, Ky.

EVANSVILLE, IND., Jan. 20.—The difficulties between the bridge contractors at Spottsville, Ky., and the Louisville, St. Louis and Texas railroad had a most tragic termination this afternoon at 4 o'clock, when the draw broke in twain, precipitating about forty employees into the river, more than one-half of whom were drowned before assistance could reach them. A slight reticence is necessary to understand the accident. Since the completion of the bridge, about ten days since, there has been trouble between the contractors and the railroad as to the terms of the contract and payment for the work. Last week the first L. & T. train advertised that it would make its maiden trip to Henderson, but when it reached Spottsville it found the draw thrown open, by order of the contractors, and the train couldn't pass. The railroad authorities refused to allow the contractors to open the draw, and the contractors were granted against further interference with the traffic of the road until the fall equities of the case had been decided. This decision was rendered yesterday, granting the temporary injunction, and the road announced that its first train would cross the bridge at seven o'clock this morning. This brings the matter down to this afternoon. It seems that the men, to the number of about forty, and acting under instructions from the contractors, had gathered upon the draw, and placed upon each end of it a number of heavy rails, intending to obstruct the train in this way to obtain the bridge for cotton taken by agents of the Treasury Department after 30th June, 1900, was taken from the calendar and passed. The Senate at 11:30 resumed consideration of the tariff bill, the pending question being on Mr. Vest's amendment to strike from the free list "batter of roses" and substitute "batter of roses." Mr. Springer (Ill.) called up as the special order, the Senate bill for the admission of South Dakota, and the organization of the Territory of North Dakota. The bill having been read in full, Mr. Springer took the floor in explanation of the measure and in advocacy of the substitute. The pending question, being on Mr. Vest's amendment to strike from the free list "batter of roses" and substitute "batter of roses," was discussed until 4:30, when the House adjourned.

Second Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—SENATE.—Mr. Hoar introduced a concurrent resolution for the counting of the votes of the President and Vice President, which was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. It provides that the two Houses shall assemble in the hall of the House of Representatives on Wednesday, 15th February next, at 1 o'clock. The tariff bill was then taken up, and at 5:30 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Immediately after the reading of the Journal, Mr. Randall (Pa.), from the Committee on Rules, reported a resolution rescinding the rules requiring a daily adjournment at 5 o'clock. Mr. Payson (Ill.) moved to recom-mend the resolution, with instructions to report. It back with an amendment making the dependent pension bill a continuing order for January 15. The conference report on the bill increasing to \$100 a month the pension of the widow of General Heintzelman was agreed to.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Voorhees, the Senate bill referring to the court of claims the claim of the State National Bank of Louisiana for cotton taken by agents of the Treasury Department after 30th June, 1900, was taken from the calendar and passed. The Senate at 11:30 resumed consideration of the tariff bill, the pending question being on Mr. Vest's amendment to strike from the free list "batter of roses" and substitute "batter of roses."

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WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—SENATE.—The President's two messages in regard to affairs in Samoa and Haiti were laid before the Senate and referred (with the accompanying documents) to the Committee on Foreign Relations. Mr. Culbert presented a memorial of the National Christian Temperance Union, of Illinois, and other bodies, in favor of legislation for Sabbath observance, against the running of State Sunday trains, and against military drills on Sunday. These, and many similar memorials from other States, which were presented by various Senators, were referred to the Committee on Education and Labor. After other morning hour business the tariff bill was taken up, and at 6 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Permission was given the Committee on Post-offices and Post Roads to report upon the post-office appropriation bill legislation providing for the classification of clerks in first and second-class post-offices. The House then resumed the consideration of the Territorial bills, and was addressed by Mr. Joseph (N. M.), who represented the claims of that Territory for admission into the Union. Mr. Struble (La.) proposed the bill for the admission of the Territory of Oklahoma, and the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—SENATE.—Mr. Hoar from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, reported back concurrent resolutions recently introduced by him, as to the meeting of the two Houses to count and declare the result of the Electoral College. The Senate then considered the consideration of the tariff bill, the pending question being on the amendments to the tariff bill was continued until 5 p. m. when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Speaker laid before the House a communication from ex-Governor Gray, of Indiana, stating that on the 15th instant the resignation of A. P. Hovey, as Representative from the First Indiana Congressional District, was received and accepted. The bill on the table. After the transaction of some unimportant business the House resumed the consideration of the Territorial bills. The House bill was read by sections for amendments. Mr. Springer then moved to strike out the enacting clause and insert the House Bill 8460 with certain amendments. Mr. McDonald (Minn.) offered his substitute for the consideration of the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—SENATE.—The President's message, returning, without approval, a bill for the relief of Wm. R. Wheaton and Charles H. Chamberlain, who had been Receiver and Receiver, respectively, of the Land Office at San Francisco, prior to 1877, to pay them the salaries of two clerks to the amount of \$8,800, was presented and read. The bill and message were referred to the Committee on Public Lands. The credentials of Mr. Frye for the Senatorial term of six years from the 4th of March next, were presented by Mr. Hall, and read and placed on file. The Senate at 11:30 resumed consideration of the tariff bill.

HOUSE.—Consideration of the Territorial bills was resumed, the pending question being on the Macdonald substitute for the consideration of the House bill, which is a substitute for the Senate bill. Mr. Hoar moved immediately to vote upon the Macdonald substitute, which has never been read, but which embodies the main features of the omnibus bill, except that it provides for the immediate admission of South Dakota. The substitute was rejected—Yeas 117, nays 121. After several amendments had been discussed the House finally agreed to the "omnibus" (Springer's) bill, with amendments, as a substitute for the Senate measure, by a vote of yeas 140, nays 98.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—SENATE.—The credentials of Mr. Hoar for his new Senatorial term, commencing March next, were presented by Mr. Dawes, read and placed on file. The certificate of the presiding officers of the Delaware Legislature to the election of Anthony Higgins as Senator from that State was presented by the presiding officer, and was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, on motion of Mr. Edmunds, who asked that the paper was evidently not in conformity with the requirements of the law. The Senate at 11:30 resumed consideration of the tariff bill, and took up the sugar schedule (T. N. No. 400), which was presented. The tariff bill was considered until 5:30 p. m. After a brief recess session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Senate bill was passed providing circuit courts at Helena in the Eastern District of Arkansas; Fort Smith in the Western District of Arkansas; the District of West Virginia at Charleston, Clarkburg and Wheeling; at all of which places the district courts with circuit court powers are now held; and at Clarkburg, in West Virginia, where a district court is now held, but which has no circuit powers; whereby all these courts are put on the same footing with all other courts, and the judicial system in this regard rendered uniform throughout the United States. It also provides for writs of writs in capital cases, and prescribes the practice in such cases. A bill to regulate immigration was reported. The fortifications appropriation bill was considered and passed. Resolutions expressive of sorrow at the death of E. W. Robertson, of Louisiana, were adopted after a number of addresses. At 5:30 p. m. the House adjourned.

—The constant jar of walking on city pavements can be prevented by imitating nature. The human heel is covered with an elastic pad. Now, as to walk barefoot would be out of the question, it is suggested that we replace the hard boot-heel with one made of elastic rubber. It would cost but a few cents a month to keep in repair, and would have the additional advantage of lessening the noise of hurrying feet and preventing, to an extent, broken bones in the winter.—Home Journal.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

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WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—SENATE.—Mr. Hoar introduced a concurrent resolution for the counting of the votes of the President and Vice President, which was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. It provides that the two Houses shall assemble in the hall of the House of Representatives on Wednesday, 15th February next, at 1 o'clock. The tariff bill was then taken up, and at 5:30 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Immediately after the reading of the Journal, Mr. Randall (Pa.), from the Committee on Rules, reported a resolution rescinding the rules requiring a daily adjournment at 5 o'clock. Mr. Payson (Ill.) moved to recom-mend the resolution, with instructions to report. It back with an amendment making the dependent pension bill a continuing order for January 15. The conference report on the bill increasing to \$100 a month the pension of the widow of General Heintzelman was agreed to.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Voorhees, the Senate bill referring to the court of claims the claim of the State National Bank of Louisiana for cotton taken by agents of the Treasury Department after 30th June, 1900, was taken from the calendar and passed. The Senate at 11:30 resumed consideration of the tariff bill, the pending question being on Mr. Vest's amendment to strike from the free list "batter of roses" and substitute "batter of roses."

HOUSE.—Mr. Springer (Ill.) called up